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PPLICATION NO.	FII	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/672,208	09/26/2003		Jing-Yau Chung	JYC025	8964
21322	7590	10/27/2004		EXAM	INER
MARK A OATHOUT 3701 KIRBY DRIVE, SUITE 960				VAN, QUANG T	
HOUSTON, TX 77098				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3742	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/672,208	CHUNG, JING-YAU				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Quang T Van	3742				
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFf after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the meaned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NN. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may reply within the statutory minimum of t riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) M atute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	3 August 2004.					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ -						
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-19 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-8 and 10-19 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 26 September 2003 Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	is/are: a)⊠ accepted or by the drawing(s) be held in abey rrection is required if the drawi	vance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in priority documents have be ireau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SE Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 2. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Smith et al (US 5,134,263). Smith discloses a process and apparatus for heating food comprising a hot plate (22); a heating chamber (30) including a microwave mode (45) of heating wherein the heating chamber (30) is mounted over the hot plate (22); and it is inherent that a motor connected to the hot plate (22, conveyor) for moving the hot plate.
- 3. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lipoma (US 3,718,082). Lipoma discloses an apparatus for continuous electromagnetic sterilization comprising a hot plate (15); a heating chamber (21) including a microwave mode (22) of heating wherein the heating chamber (21) is mounted over the hot plate (15); and it is inherent that a motor connected to the hot plate (22, conveyor) for moving the hot plate.
- 4. Claims 1, 10-12, and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Chung (US 6,011,249). Chung discloses a microwave oven with hot plate and food stirrer comprising a hot plate (30); a heating chamber (10) including a microwave mode (20) of heating wherein the heating chamber (10) is mounted over the hot plate (30); and a motor connected to the hot plate (col. 2, lines 41-42) for moving the hot plate (30). With regard to claims 10 and 15, it is inherent that an on/off switch is connected to the motor in order to turn the motor on or off.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over 6. Smith et al (US 5,134,263) or Lipoma (US 3,718,082) in view of Ingram et al (US 3,881,403). Smith/Lipoma discloses substantially all features of the claimed invention except a first multi door mechanism mounted between the heating chamber and the hot plated proximate an entrance to the heating chamber and a second multi door mechanism mounted between the heating chamber and the hot plate proximate an exit way from the heating chamber. Ingram discloses a first multi door mechanism (G1, G2) mounted between the heating chamber (10) and the hot plated (24) proximate an entrance to the heating chamber and a second multi door mechanism (G3, G4) mounted between the heating chamber (10) and the hot plate (25, 28) proximate an exit way from the heating chamber. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize in Smith/Lipoma a first multi door mechanism mounted between the heating chamber and the hot plated proximate an entrance to the heating chamber and a second multi door mechanism mounted between the heating chamber and the hot plate proximate an exit way from the heating chamber as taught by Ingram in order to prevent the escape of microwave energy to the outside

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of the chamber. With regard claim 6, said first multi door mechanism is a first triple door mechanism and said second multi door mechanism is a second triple door mechanism. Ingram only shows first multi door mechanism is a first double door (G1, G2) and second multi door mechanism is a second double door mechanism (G3, G4). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to modify a first double door and a second double door mechanism of Ingram to be a first triple door mechanism and a second triple door mechanism. Doing so would provide a better preventing of leaking microwave energy to the outside of the heating chamber.

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- 7. Claims 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Smith et al (US 5,134,263) or Lipoma (US 3,718,082) in view of Pinceloup (US 5,541,390). Smith/Lipoma discloses substantially all features of the claimed invention except the heating chamber is U-shaped when viewed from above. Pinceloup discloses a heating chamber is U-shaped when viewed from above (figure 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize in Smith/Lipoma a heating chamber is U-shaped when viewed from above as taught by Princeloup in order to have an entrance and exit in the same side-wall of the chamber.
- 8. Claims 2-3 and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chung (US 6,011,249) in view of Smith et al (US 5,134,263). Chung discloses substantially all features of the claimed invention except an air circulation system connected to the heating chamber. Smith discloses an air circulation system connected to the heating chamber (col. 6, lines 36-42). It would have been obvious to one having

ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize in Chung air circulation system connected to the heating chamber as taught by Smith in order to deliver the hot air evenly throughout the oven.

9. Claims 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chung (US 6,011,249) in view of Fadel (US 4,999,468). Chung discloses substantially all features of the claimed invention except a motor being connected to the lone axis of the plate. Fadel discloses a motor being connected to the lone axis of the plate (col. 2, lines 21-25). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize in a motor being connected to the lone axis of the plate as taught by Fadel in order to rotate the food through the entire heating chamber.

Response to Amendment

10. Applicant's arguments filed 8/23/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues "Smith et al disclose and teach only a conveyor 22 (col. 4, L. 37). A conveyor cannot be a hot plate (as defined above and shown in applicant's Figs. 1-3). Moreover, Smith et al's conveyor is not taught to be hot ..." recited in the Remarks of Response to the Office Action filed on 8/23/2004. The Examiner disagrees. By dictionary, a "plate" is a smooth flat thin piece of material (http://www.m-w.com/cgi-bin/dictionary?book=Dictionary&va=plate&x=16&y=14). In claim 1, applicant claims " a hot plate" with no further structural support and no heater device to provide heat to make the plate hot. For the reasonable broadest interpretation, "a hot plate" as claimed

is considered just as a plate, which is, supported a work piece. Therefore, Smith and Lipoma's references still meet the claimed limitations.

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Quang T Van whose telephone number is 703-306-9162. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00Am 7:00Pm M-Th.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robin Evans can be reached on 703-305-5766. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

QV

October 21, 2004

Quang T Van

Primary Examiner

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